BMC - Brownian Motion in Cells Signature Sheet

Student's Name	Partner's Name
Pre-Lab Discussion Questions	
period. This signed sheet must be includ	ab with an instructor before your first day of your scheduled labed as the first page of your report. Without it you will lose grade at least the following before you come to lab:
	microbeads you will be observing in the lab? How many molecules incertainty in these numbers? Data sheets for the microbeads are or in the CO2 laser's refrigerator.
2. We assume that particles in the fluithat allow us to make?	d are in the non-inertial regime. What statistical assumption does
of moving right at each step. This a displacement of the walker (its local $X = \sum_{i=1}^{N} S_i$, where S_i is an <i>indicate</i>	steps, where the probability of moving left equals the probability allows us to define a random variable X which represents the final ation after N steps). Calculate $\langle X \rangle$ and $\langle X^2 \rangle$. To do this, write x on the ith step (explicitly, $S_i = -1$ if the ith step was to the left, right. You may have seen this mapped to 0 and 1 in a probability ependent when calculating $\langle X^2 \rangle$.
Staff Signature	Date

Completed before the first day of lab? (Circle one) Yes / No

Questions to Complete on the First Day of Lab

These questions can be answered after you read through the **Simulating Brownian Motion**. Make sure to copy and execute the scripts on the computer's MATLAB as you read so that you can understand the program structure and the different variable names. If you take your time and just work slowly through the page, these questions should be straightforward.

- 1. Using the microscope, you will observe a minimum of two different-size particles in at least four solvents with different viscosity. Choose the conditions you plan to observe and simulate them in Matlab. You should choose at least one particle with 1 μm in size or larger and one smaller. Plot the Displacement Squared for the different diffusion coefficients on the same graph (see the Hold command used in the write-up).
- 2. Use your simulated data to calculate the diffusion coefficient, D in each case. Explain how you arrived at your answer.

(these are significant) will come in to play? How will you account for them? Keep these scri analyzing your data you can create artificial data sets on which to test your analysis technique.		
Staff Signature	Date	
Completed by day 1 of lab? (Circle one) Yes	s / No	
Mid-Lab Discussion Questions		
On day 2 of this lab, you should have comp signature.	eleted the following. Show them to an instructor and ask for a	
1. Using a slide with a combination of 10 μ illumination.	μm and 0.44 μm polystyrene spheres, show how to set up Köhler	
2. How many micrometers per pixel are c	aptured at 10x, 20x, and 40x magnification?	
3. Draw a diagram to show dark-field illu visible light (400-750 nm wavelengths).	umination. Explain how it is possible to see 40 nm objects with .	
4. Set up dark-field illumination.		
Staff Signature	Date	
Completed by day 2 of lab? (Circle one) Yes	s / No	
one of the particle tracks to an instruct is this to the theoretical value? You can	collected some particle tracks and made several movies. Show tor. What value of D did you obtain from the track? How close an do this either with the BMC application or with the Matlab entroiding codes are useful in tracking software. How does the t?	
Staff Signature	Date	
Completed by day 3 of lab? (Circle one) Yes	s / No	

3. What is the uncertainty of your estimation of D? How does it vary with the number of simulated data points? Explain your strategy for making observations in the lab. What additional sources of error

Checkpoint Signatures

1.	Dark-Field Illumination
	Staff Signature
2.	Data Analysis Additional Questions
	Staff Signature
3.	Cellular Motion Additional Questions
	Staff Signature